

A GUIDE FOR PARISH CLERGY IN THE DIOCESE OF SYDNEY

JANUARY 2007



### What is my entitlement to leave?

Ministers, senior assistant and assistant ministers who serve in a parish in a full-time capacity have the following long service leave entitlements:

- a period of 10 weeks' leave on completion of the first 10 years of service, and
- a period of 5 weeks' leave on completion of each subsequent 5 years of service.

Usually, full-time service in 2 or more parishes is aggregated to determine a leave entitlement. So, for example, if you serve in parish 'A' for 6 years, and then move to parish 'B', you will usually become entitled to long service leave after 4 years' service at parish 'B'.

If you have moved into the Diocese of Sydney from another diocese of the Anglican Church of Australia then, generally, your service in that other diocese will be aggregated with your service in Sydney to determine your leave entitlement.

When taking long service leave, that period of leave is exclusive of annual leave but is inclusive of all other holidays, such as public holidays, which occur during that period.

### How do I arrange to take leave?

Firstly, you need to have approval to take leave at least three (3) months before you intend to take the leave.

The process for arranging leave is as follows:-

- Verify that you have the amount of long service leave available that you plan to take by contacting SDS ClergyServices at clergyservices@sydney. anglican.asn.au or on 9265 1555.
- If you are a senior assistant or assistant minister, first gain the approval of your minister.
- Inform your parish council of your intention to take the leave.

- Apply to your bishop for the leave.
- · Arrange a locum if necessary.
- If you are combining long service leave and annual leave, ensure that the annual leave begins at the end of the long service leave.

# What if I serve in a part-time capacity?

The long service leave rules for clergy serving on a part-time basis are different in some respects. For more information, please contact SDS ClergyServices.

#### When should I take leave?

Long service leave should be taken as soon as is practical after your leave entitlement arises. You will be reminded about your leave entitlement if it accumulates to 15 weeks

Generally, leave is to be taken in one continuous period. However, if your bishop and minister agree, you can take leave:

- in 2 separate periods where the amount of the leave owing is more than 5 weeks
- in 2 or 3 separate periods where the amount of the leave exceeds 10 weeks

Wherever possible, a period of long service leave should be at least 4 weeks.

Your bishop is to approve the arrangements (if any) for the appointment of a locum for the period of a minister's leave. Usually, a minister will be expected to nominate a suitable person to be appointed as locum for the period of his leave.

You should cease all ministry in your parish during the period of your leave.

## What payments am I entitled to for leave?

When you take long service leave, you are to be paid or provided with:

- your normal stipend for the period of the leave in a single payment at the time leave is taken, or, if you prefer, at the times the stipend would ordinarily be paid, and
- the other fixed allowances and benefits you would normally receive, and
- a supplementary allowance (from the General Synod Long Service Leave Fund) to assist in paying any additional costs (such as housing) you may incur when you take leave.

Your parish will pay or provide the amounts or benefits entitled to you when you take long service leave and, where necessary, will deduct tax at the appropriate rate.

# What payments can the parish receive?

On application to SDS ClergyServices, the parish may be entitled to receive the following payments (which are funded from the General Synod Long Service Leave Fund):

- the 'notional stipend' (which may be less than your normal stipend) for the period of the leave to assist the parish in paying locum and other costs during the period of the leave
- the supplementary allowance (which is paid to you by the parish - refer above)

## What if I resign or retire?

If you have a long service leave entitlement when you resign or retire from your parish, there are some possible consequences.

If you resign to take up a full-time position in another parish, your service will usually be aggregated in the manner specified above. If you resign to take up a new position (not in another parish or certain Anglican organisations) or retire and you have completed at least 10 years qualifying service, then you are entitled to be paid the notional stipend (being the amount determined by the General Synod Long Service Leave Fund) for the period of the untaken leave, less tax at the appropriate rate. The supplementary allowance is not payable on resignation or retirement.

If you intend to resign to take up a new position (not in a parish or certain Anglican organisations) or retire, you should consider taking your long service leave before your resignation or retirement takes effect.

Note that foreshadowed changes are proposed to the rules for long service leave so that the supplementary allowance will not be payable for leave taken immediately prior to retirement.

### What if I die?

If you die and at the date of death have a long service leave entitlement, your Estate will be paid the notional stipend, less tax at the appropriate rate. No allowances or benefits (including the supplementary allowance) will be payable or provided.

## What if I move to part-time service?

If you are moving from full-time to part-time service (either in the same parish or in a different parish), you should take any untaken leave before your full-time service ends. Your entitlements to untaken leave may not be preserved when your fulltime service ends. For more information, please contact SDS ClergyServices.

#### What if I need more information?

If you have any further questions, please contact your bishop or archdeacon or SDS ClergyServices at clergyservices@sydney.anglican.asn.au or on 9265 1555.

